TAC DLC®-A

1: Identification

Recommended use:

Restrictions on use:

Emergency phone number:

Product identifier: Other means of identification: Supplier: TAC DLC®-A Triallyl cyanurate on silicon dioxide NATROCHEM, Inc. P.O. Box 1205 Savannah, GA 31402-1205 912-236-4464 Adhesives, coatings Not applicable. CHEMTREC (USA) 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (Int'I) 202-483-7616

2: Hazard(s) identification

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GHS classification:	Oral: acute toxicity – Category 4
	Chronic aquatic toxicity – Category 2
GHS label elements	
Signal word:	WARNING
Symbol(s):	
Hazard statements:	Harmful if swallowed
	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Hazards not otherwise classified:	May form combustible dust concentrations in the air.
Precautionary statements:	
Prevention:	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	Avoid release to the environment.
Response:	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
	Rinse mouth.
	Collect spillage.
	In case of fire: Use appropriate media for surrounding fire to
	extinguish.
Storage:	Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.
Disposal:	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with
	local/regional/national/international regulations.

3: Composition

Substance/mixture:

Mixture

Ingredient	Synonyms	CAS number	Concentration (%)
1,3,5-triazine,2,4,6-tris(2- propenyloxy)-	TAC, triallyl cyanurate	101-37-1	70-74
Silica, amorphous, precipitated, and gel		112926-00-8	26-30

Contains no detectable crystalline silica (detection limit <0.01% by weight)

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4: First-aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM, OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have SDS information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary	y first aid measures

<u>Desemption of needstary mot and</u>	
Eye contact:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes
	with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open.
	Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing,
	if breathing is irregular, or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide
	artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly
	with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use
	solvents or thinners.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this
	container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce
	vomiting.
Most important symptoms/effec	ts, acute and delayed.
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact:	No significant irritation expected other than possible mechanical
	irritation.
Inhalation:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or
	recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose,
	throat, and lungs.
Skin contact:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Ingestion:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptom	<u>s</u>
Eye contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:

	Irritation
	Redness
Inhalation:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	Coughing
	Respiratory tract irritation
Skin contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	Dryness
Ingestion:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medical	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist
	immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without
	suitable training.
See toxicological information (Se	action 11)

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5: Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media: Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO_2), foam, dry chemical None known.
Specific hazards arising from	No specific fire or explosion hazard. When transferring material into
the chemical:	flammable solvents, use proper grounding to avoid electrical sparks.
Hazardous thermal	Carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides, hydrogen cyanide, hazardous organic
decomposition products:	compounds. Polymerization is exothermic and can degenerate into an uncontrolled reaction.
Special protective actions for	Fight fire from a protected location.
firefighters:	Do not allow runoff from firefighting to enter drains or water courses.
	Firefighting equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.
Special protective equipment for firefighters:	Firefighters and others who may be exposed to products of combustion should wear full firefighting turn out gear (full bunker gear) and self-contained breathing apparatus (pressure demand / NIOSH approved or equivalent).

6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Product
For emergency responders:	forms slippery surface when combined with water. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.

Environmental precautions:	See also the information immediately above in "For non-emergency personnel". Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused	
Linvironmental precautions.	·	
	environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air).	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		
Small spill:	Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled	
	waste container.	
Large spill:	Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled	
	waste container.	

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures: Advice on general occupational hygiene:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking, and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. When transferring material into flammable solvents, use proper grounding to avoid electrical sparks. Avoid alteration of product properties before use. Calcining (which may result in crystalline silica formation) or mixing with additives may alter toxicological properties. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Do not store in unlabeled containers. The typical shelf-life for this product is 6 months.
Incompatibilities:	Strong oxidizing agents Strong reducing agents Free radical generators Inert gas Oxygen scavenger Peroxides Do not store below 32°F (0°C) Do not store above 100°F (38°C)

8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits None.

Recommended monitoring procedures:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere, or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker
controls:	exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be
controls:	checked to ensure that they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters, or engineering modifications to process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures:	Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, and using the lavatory, and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated
- 4	clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. When handling hot material, wear heat-resistant gloves that are able to withstand the temperature of molten product.
Body protection:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection:	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Appearance	
Physical state:	Powder, solid, or granular solid.
Color:	White to off-white.
Odor:	Alcohol-like.
Odor threshold:	Not available.
pH:	Not available.
Melting/freezing point:	Not available.
Boiling point and range:	Not available.
Flash point:	Not available.
Evaporation rate:	Not available.
Flammability:	Not available.
Flammability or explosive	Not available.
limits:	
Vapor pressure:	Not available.
Vapor density:	Not available.
Relative density:	Not available.
Solubility:	Negligible in water.
Partition coefficient: n-	Not available.
octanol/water:	
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature:	Not available.
Viscosity:	Not applicable.

10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability:	This product is stable under normal and anticipated storage, handling, and processing conditions. However, this material can undergo hazardous polymerization.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Hazardous polymerization may occur. Polymerization is exothermic
Conditions to avoid:	and can generate into an uncontrolled reaction. High temperature (>800°C) treatment (calcining). Avoid alteration of product properties before use. Calcining (which may result in crystalline silica formation) or mixing with additives may alter toxicological properties. Avoid generating dust. This material polymerizes exothermically in the presence of heat, contamination, oxygen-free atmosphere, free radicals, peroxides, and inhibitor depletion, liberating heat. Avoid direct sunlight. Do NOT expose to ultraviolet light. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8 .
Incompatible materials:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids, oxidizing materials, strong alkalis, strong reducing agents, free
Hazardous decomposition	radical generators, inert gas, oxygen scavengers, peroxides. Carbon oxides

products:

Nitrogen oxides Hydrogen cyanide Hazardous organic compounds

11: Toxicological information

nformation on toxicological effects				
Information on toxicological effects	<u>)</u>			
Acute toxicity Conclusion/summary:				
1,3,5-triazine,2,4,6-tris(2-prop	opylovy			
	Acute toxicity estimate 505.05 mg/kg			
	Practically nontoxic. (Rabbit) LD50 9.546 mg/kg No deaths occurred. (Rabbit) LD0 > 2.000 mg/kg			
	NO Geath	is occur	red. (Rat) 1 h LCO > 0.333 mg/L (saturated vapour)	
Irritation/corrosion				
Conclusion/summary	anulawu			
1,3,5-triazine,2,4,6-tris(2-prop Skin:			abbit) Irritation index: 0 / 8 0	
			abbit) Irritation index: 0 / 8.0	
-		•	irritation. (Rabbit) Irritation index: 0-0.22 / 110.0	
	NO KHOW	n signii	icant effects or critical hazards.	
Sensitization				
Conclusion/summary:	المعامية			
1,3,5-triazine,2,4,6-tris(2-prop			Cuince size mention test (Cuince siz) No skin	
			Guinea pig maximization test. (Guinea pig) No skin	
	allergy w			
	NO KNOW	n signit	icant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity:				
1,3,5-triazine,2,4,6-tris(2-prop				
-		-	etic changes were observed in a laboratory test	
	-		animal cells, human cells.	
		vo gene	tic changes were observed in a laboratory test using:	
	nice.			
Carcinogenicity			issue offecto en exitical becaude	
	NO KNOW	n signii	icant effects or critical hazards.	
<u>Classification</u>	00110		NTD	
Ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
Silica, amorphous,	-	3	-	
precipitated, and gel				
Carcinogen classification code: IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4				
NTP: [Known/Reasonably anticipated] to be a human carcinogen				
OSHA: +				
Not listed/regulated: -				
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
<u>Teratogenicity</u>				
Conclusion/summary:	Conclusion/summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)			
· · · · ·		-		

Not available.				
Specific target organ toxicity (r				
1,3,5-triazine,2,4,6-tris(2-pro				
Conclusion/summary:	Subacute oral administration to Rat			
	Affected organ(s): liver, central nervous system			
	Signs: central nervous system depression, loss of muscle			
	coordination, convulsions, changes in food or water consumption,			
	increased organ weight, changes in organ structure or function.			
Silica, amorphous, precipitat				
Target organs:	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs			
	upper respiratory tract, eyes.			
Aspiration hazard				
Not available.				
Information on the likely routes	Routes of entry anticipated: oral, dermal, inhalation.			
of exposure:				
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact:	No significant irritation expected other than possible mechanical			
	irritation.			
Inhalation:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or			
	recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose,			
	throat, and lungs.			
Skin contact:	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.			
Ingestion:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
	, chemical, and toxicological characteristics			
Eye contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:			
	Irritation			
	Redness			
Inhalation:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:			
	Coughing			
	Respiratory tract irritation			
Skin contact:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:			
	Dryness			
Ingestion:	No specific data.			
Delayed and immediate effects a	nd also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure			
Conclusion/summary:	An epidemiological study was conducted which included 165			
	precipitated silica workers who had been exposed an average time of			
	8.6 years. Of these 165 workers, 44 had been exposed for an average			
	of 18 years. No adverse effects were noted in complete medical			
	examinations (including chest roentgenograms) of these workers.			
	Pulmonary function decrements were correlated only with smoking			
	and age but not with the degree or duration of dust exposures.			
	Laboratory studies have also been conducted in small animals via			
	inhalation of levels of precipitated silica dust of up to 126 mg/m ³ per			
	periods from six months to two years. Although precipitated silica			
	was temporarily deposited in animals' lungs, most of the deposited			
	material was cleared soon after the dust exposure ended. The results			
	of all studies performed by, or known to, PPG indicated a very low			
	order of pulmonary activity for synthetic precipitated silicas. PPG			

	recommends that persons with breathing problems or lung disease
	should not work in dusty areas unless a physician approves and
Short-term exposure	certifies their fitness to wear respiratory protection.
Potential immediate	No significant irritation expected other than possible mechanical
effects	irritation.
Potential delayed effects	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.
Long-term exposure	Description of the state of the
Potential immediate	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic
effects	respiratory irritation.
Potential delayed effects	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Potential chronic health	
<u>effects</u>	
General:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxicity	
Acute toxicity estimates	
Not available.	

12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Ingredient	Result	Species	Exposure
Silica, amorphous,	NOEC > 1000 ppm	Daphnia – <i>daphnia magna</i>	24 hours
precipitated, and gel			
	Acute NOEC > 10000 ppm fresh	Fish	96 hours static
	water		
	Acute NOEC > 10000 ppm	Fish – <i>brachydanio rerio</i>	4 days static
1,3,5-triazine,2,4,6-	LC50 7.05 mg/L	Fish – <i>danio rerio</i>	96 hours
tris(2-propenyloxy)-	EC50 40 mg/L	Daphnia – <i>daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	EC50 10.52 mg/L	Algae – <i>desmodesmus</i>	72 hours
		subspicatus	
	EC50 > 1.000 mg/L	Microorganisms –	3 hours
		respiration inhibition /	
		activated sludge	

Persistence and degradability

	<u> </u>		
Ingredient	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Silica, amorphous,	-	-	Not readily
precipitated, and gel			
1,3,5-triazine,2,4,6-	-	-	Not readily (28 d)
tris(2-propenyloxy)-			biodegradation 7-9%
			biodegradation 7-5

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Silica, amorphous,	-	0	low
precipitated, and gel			
1,3,5-triazine,2,4,6-	2.8	0	-
tris(2-propenyloxy)-			
Mobility in soil			
C - !! /	Nata a sa la la la		

Soil/water partition

coefficient (K_{oc}): Other adverse effects: Not available.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions, and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local

authority requirements. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Sections 6, 7, and 8 for additional information on accidental release measures, handling and storage, and exposure controls.

	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	3077	3077	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping	Environmentally	Environmentally	-
name	hazardous substance,	hazardous substance,	
	solid, n.o.s. (triallyl	solid, n.o.s. (triallyl	
	cyanurate)	cyanurate)	
Transport hazard	9	9	-
class(es)			
Packing group	III	III	-
Environmental hazards	yes	yes	No.
Marine pollutant	yes	yes	Not applicable.
substances			
Additional information	Not regulated for	-	-
	domestic road/rail/air		
	transport per 49 CFR		
	171.4 (c) (1)		

14: Transport information

Special precautions for user:

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not available.

the IBC code:

15: Regulatory information

Inventory status	
United States inventory (TSCA	All components are listed or exempted.
8b):	
Australia inventory (AICS):	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory (DSL):	All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC):	All components are listed or exempted.
Europe inventory (REACH):	All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory (KECI):	All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand inventory (NZIoC):	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippenes inventory (PICCS):	All components are listed or exempted.

United States

US Federal regulations:

SARA Title III

Section 302 – Extremely Hazardous Chemicals:

The components in this product are either not SARA Section 302 regulated or are regulated but present in negligible concentrations.

Section 311/312 – Hazard Categories:

1,3,5-triazine,2,4,6- Acute health hazard, reactivity hazard tris(2-propenyloxy)-

Section 313 – Toxic Chemicals:

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

<u>Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) – Reportable</u> Quantity (RQ)

The components of this product are either not CERCLA regulated, regulated but present in negligible concentrations, or regulated with no assigned reportable quantity.

US State regulations:

New Jersey Right to Know:

No components are subject to the New Jersey Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right to Know:

1,3,5-triazine,2,4,6-tris(2-propenyloxy)- (101-37-1)

California Prop. 65:

No components are subject to California Prop. 65.

16: Other information

Hazardous Material Indentification System (USA)

HEALTH	1	
FLAMMABILITY	1	
REACTIVITY	0	

PERSONAL PROTECTION

* - chronic effects

Caution: HMIS[®] ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS[®] ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1901.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS[®] ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS[®] program. HMIS[®] is a registered mark of the Nation Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS[®] materials may be purchased exclusively from J.J.Keller 800-327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Key to abbreviations:	ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
	BCF	Bioconcentration factor
	GHS	Globally harmonized system of classification and labeling of chemicals
	ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association
	IBC	Intermediate bulk container
	IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow	Logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL 73/78	International convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973, as modified by the Protocol of 1978. (MARPOL = marine pollution)
	UN	United Nations

Disclaimer:

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