First Issue: Nov.20, 2014



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product name: TIPAQUE R-550, CR-63, CR-80, CR-90, CR-90-2, CR-93

CR-95、CR-953、PF-671、PF-690、PF-691、PF-711

PF-726, PF-728, PF-729, PC-3, PFC106

Chemical name: Titanium Dioxide

CAS No.: 13463-67-7

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

Product use: Pigment

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer: Company Name: ISHIHARA SANGYO KAISHA, LTD.

Address: 3-15 EDOBORI, 1-CHOME, NISHI-KU, OSAKA,

550-0002 JAPAN

Phone Number: +81-6-6444-1451 Fax number: +81-6-6445-7798

Distributor: Company Name: ISHIHARA CORPORATION (U.S.A)

Address: 601 CALIFORNIA ST. ,STE 1700

SAN FRANCISCO. CA 94108

Phone Number: (415) 421-8207

Emergency phone number:

CHEMTREC

United States: (800)424-9300 24 hours Everyday

International: +1-(703)527-3887(Collect) 24 hours Everyday

Emergency number for US BOUND shipments ONLY

Chemtrec's coverage applies only to US inbound & outbound shipments.

2.HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

The Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910. 1200) No classification

Label elements

The Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910. 1200) No signal word, hazard symbol or hazard statement

Hazard not otherwise classified(HNOC)

No classification

Other hazards

Inhalation: May cause nose, throat, and lung irritation.

Skin: Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the

skin.

Eyes: Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical identity.

Substance or mixture: Mixture

Common chemical names or synonyms: Titanium dioxide
Titanium(IV) oxide

C.I. Pigment White 6

Component	Formula	CAS No.	EINECS No.	Concentration
Titanium Dioxide	${ m TiO_2}$	13463-67-7	236-675-5	≥ 90%
Aluminum Hydroxide	Al(OH) ₃	21645-51-2	244-492-7	< 10%
Amorphous Silica	${ m SiO}_2$	7631-86-9	231-545-4	< 10%

All impurities and stabilizing additives which contribute to the classification of substance: None

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first-aid measures

Inhalation: Move to a fresh air atmosphere.

In case of persistent symptoms, consult a doctor.

Skin contact: Wash with soap and water.

Eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water.

If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Ingestion: No adverse health effects anticipated by this route; however, in the

event of ingestion, increase intake of liquid in order to flush from the

body. In case of persistent symptoms, consult a doctor.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Irritant effects¹⁾

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fire.

This product is not combustible.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Product is inert, non-flammable and incombustible.

Advice for fire-fighters

Use protective measures that suit the hazard condition.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid generating dust. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Wear personal protective equipment.

Environmental precautions

Prevent run-off from entering ground, storm sewers and ditches which lead to natural waterways.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use any feasible mechanical means (e.g. vacuum, sweeping) but avoid dusting during clean-up. The product can cause slippery conditions if wet. Even at low concentration, the product renders the discharge in liquid effluent highly visible.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Handling: Avoid raising and breathing dust. Observe good industrial

hygiene practice for chemical handling.

Technical measures: Avoid raising dust. Handling systems and areas should be

operated in such a way as to minimize exposure to dust.

Precautions: Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary.

Minimize dust during handling.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Advice on usage: Manual handling guidelines should be adhered to when

handling sacks.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Pigments should not be stored in outside areas exposed to

the weather.

Care should be taken to avoid exposure to moisture.

Incompatible materials: None.

Packing material: Paper, Plastic.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure limits

Chemical name		ACGIH	OSHA(PEL)	NIOSH(REL)
Titanium Dioxide	TWA	$10 { m mg/m^3}$	5mg/m³ (respirable dust) 15mg/m³ (total dust)	$2.4~{ m mg/m^3}$ (Fine)
	STEL	-	-	-
Amorphous Silica	TWA	10mg/m³	80 mg/m³/(%SiO ₂)	6 mg/m^3
	STEL	-	-	-

Exposure controls

Technical measures

Ensure sufficient ventilation.

Reduce inhalation hazards in minimizing occupational exposure.

Engineering controls and safe systems of work should be used in preference to

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to minimize the risk of exposure.

Personal protective equipment:

Respiratory protection: A respirator must be used if the dust concentration

is likely to exceed the occupational exposure limit. An approved dust respirator is recommended as appropriate depending on dust levels and other

workplace factors.

Eye protection: The use of dustproof goggles or glasses with side

protections is recommended if dust concentrations are likely to exceed the occupational exposure limit.

Skin protection: Respect main rules concerning protective clothing

for chemical handling.

Hand protection: Prolonged exposure should be avoided by wearing

suitable impervious protective gloves.

Hygiene measures: Individuals having sensitive skin may find it

beneficial to use a barrier cream or moisturizer when excessive or prolonged contact with the skin is

likely.

Environmental exposure controls:

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance(Physical state, color, etc.): White powder¹⁾

Odor: None

Odor threshold: No data available.

pH: Indicate neutral pH (litmus) when

suspended in water (1:10). 2)

Melting point/ freezing point:

Initial boiling point and boiling range:

Flash Point:

Evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1):

Flammability (solid, gas):

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:

Incombustible³⁾

Incombustible³⁾

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Incombustible³⁾
Vapor pressure: No data available.
Vapor density (air=1): No data available.

Specific gravity: 3.5-4.2

Solubility(ies): Insoluble in water, and organic solvents.

Soluble in hot concentrated sulfuric acid.

Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water:

Auto ignition temperature:

Decomposition temperature:

Viscosity:

No data available.

10. STABILTY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: None known

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: None known

Conditions to avoid: Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials: None known. Hazardous decomposition products: None known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity:

(TiO₂) Oral: Not classified. $LD_{50} > 12000 \text{mg/kg in rats}^{4),5}$

Dermal: Not classified. $LD_{50} > 10000$ mg/kg in rabbits³⁾ Inhalation Not classified. $LC_{50} > 6.82$ mg/L/4h in rats³⁾

(Dust):

 $(SiO_2 \text{ (Amorphous)})$ Oral: Not classified. $LD_{50} = 3160 \text{mg/kg}^{-6}$

Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified.

Very slight irritation to the skin could occur. 3)

Not classified. (TiO₂)

Serious eye damage and eye irritation: Not classified.

Mild irritation in rabbits.³⁾ However, this effect was fully reversible after 24hour and there were no corneal lesions, the iris was not affected, and there were no systemic intolerance reactions.⁷⁾

Not classified. (TiO₂)

Respiratory and skin sensitization: Not classified.

Gross overexposure by inhalation may include mild and temporary upper respiratory irritation. Negative in human by patch test.³⁾

Not classified. (TiO₂)

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified.

Negative in mouse test for chromosomal abnormalities.⁸⁾ Negative in Ames test.³⁾

Not classified. (TiO₂)

Carcinogenicity: Classification is not possible.

IARC: Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic to humans) 9)

In lifetime inhalation studies of rats, mice and hamsters, only in rats, lung tumors were found to occur when the particles of TiO₂ were overloaded. In further studies of rats, other poorly soluble low-toxicity particles such as silica and carbon black also induced lung tumors. These findings indicate that the formation of lung tumors in rats could be species specific.^{10),11)} In addition, several epidemiological studies in Europe and the USA suggested that TiO₂ dust did not show any relationship to carcinogenic effects on the lung.^{2),12),13),14)}

Classification not possible. (TiO₂)

IARC: Group 3 (Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans) ¹⁵⁾ Classification is not possible. (SiO₂ (Amorphous))

Reproductive toxicity:

Classification not possible.

No data available.

Specific target-organ toxicity-Single exposure: Classification not possible.

No toxicologically significant effects were found at the guidance value in oral studies of rats.^{4),5)} However, the effects by other routes is not clear.

Classification not possible. (TiO₂)

Specific target-organ toxicity-Repeated exposure: Classification not possible.

No toxicologically significant effects were found at the guidance value in oral studies on rats and mice. ¹⁶⁾ In addition, no toxicologically significant effects were found at the guidance value in two-year inhalation studies on rats. ³⁾

A small number of workers who were exposed over a period of 20 years showed pneumoconiosis on their X-rays. 17)

However, human epidemiological studies do not suggest an association between exposure to titanium dioxide and a risk of pulmonary fibrosis. $^{12),\,13),\,17),\,18)}$

Classification not possible. (TiO₂)

Aspiration hazard:

Classification not possible.

No data available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Acute aquatic toxicity:

Not classified.

Daphnia magna $EC_{50} > 1000$ mg/L (48 hr) (Aquire, 2003)

Insoluble in water. ²⁾ Not classified. (TiO₂)

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Classification not possible.

Acute aquatic toxicity was not found. Classification not possible. (TiO₂)

Persistence and degradability

Titanium dioxide is persistence and does not biodegrade.

Bioaccumulative potential

TiO₂ is not considered to be bioaccumulative.⁷⁾

Mobility in soil

No data available

Hazardous to the ozone layer

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product:

Dispose of in compliance with local and national regulations.

Contaminated packing:

Contaminated packages are not considered hazardous.

If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN No.: Not applicable.
UN proper shipping name: Not applicable.
Transport hazard class: Not applicable.
Packing group: Not applicable.

Environmental hazards: No

Transport in bulk (MARPOL 73/78): Not applicable.

Not regulated for transport by DOT, IMO/IMDG, IATA/ICAO, ADR/RID.

Do not pile up high to avoid falling and loosening.

Product should be prevented from falling, loosening or tumbling during transport.

Avoid direct sunlight.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Comply with governmental and local regulations.

I J g	Inventory Name	Components (CAS No.)			
Country(ies) or Region		TiO2 (13463-67-7)	Al(OH) ₃ (21645-51-2)	SiO ₂ (Amorphous) (7631-86-9)	
EU	EINECS	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Australia	AICS	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Canada	DSL	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Japan	ENCS	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Korea	KECI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Philippines	PICCS	Yes	Yes	Yes	
China	IECSC	Yes	Yes	Yes	
USA	TSCA	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Taiwan	CSNN	Yes	Yes	Yes	

OSHA: This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR

1910.1200).

SARA Title III This material does not contain toxic chemicals subject to

the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of

1986 and 40 CFR Part372.

CERCLA

Hazardous Substance: No ingredients listed

TSCA 12(b) Export

Notification: No ingredients listed.

California Prop. 65 WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to

the State of California to cause cancer. The listing of titanium dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) is effective September 2. 2011. The listing

SDS No. ATG-301

does not cover titanium dioxide when it remains bound within a product matrix.

HMIS Rating

Health	1	Flammability	0
Reactivity	0	Personal Protection	E

Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for these products.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Preparation Date: Nov. 20, 2014

References:

- 1) ICSC (2002)
- 2) HSDB (2005)
- 3) IUCLID (2000)
- 4) Fragrance Journal, No. 80, p. 40 (1986)
- 5) IPCS Environmental Health Criteria 24, Titanium (1982)
- 6) Kanagawa Environmental Research Center (URL; http://www.k-erc.pref.kanagawa.jp/kisnet/index.htm)
- 7) Information on Chemicals, ECHA
 - (URL; http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals)
- 8) NTP DB (2005)
 9) IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol. 93, p. 193 (2010)
- 10) Carcinogenesis, Vol. 18, No. 2, p. 423 (1997)
- 11) Toxicological Sciences, Vol. 70, p. 86 (2002)
- 12) ACGIH (2001)
- 13) IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Vol. 47, p. 307 (1989)
- 14) The Annals of Occupational Hygiene, Vol. 49, No. 6, p. 462 (2005)
- 15)IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, vol.68, p41
- 16) National Cancer Institute Technical Report, No. 97 (1979)
- 17) DFGOT, Vol. 2 (1991)
- 18) Patty's Toxicology (5th Edition, 2001)

Disclaimer

Information provided in this safety data sheet (SDS) is described based on the best knowledge and information available at the date of publication. This SDS will be amended when any new knowledge is obtained. The information given, including safe handling, use, storage, transport, disposal and release, is described for normal conditions. You are encouraged to collect any specific information you need for yourself. ISHIHARA SANGYO KAISHA, LTD. gives no guarantees for quality specifications or use, and assumes no responsibility for how this information is used.

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Legend

ICSC: International Chemical Safety Cards HSDB: Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database

IPCS: International Programme on Chemical Safety

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency NTP: National Toxicology Program

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
DFGOT: Occupational Toxicants Critical Data Evaluation for MAK Values and

Classification of Carcinogens