

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and its amendment(s)

Product: MIXLAND+® MBTS 70-75 BA/GA Page: 1 / 10

SDS No.: 100063-100 (Version 4.0) Date 14.02.2020 (Cancel and replace : 27.08.2019)

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Identification of the product

Identification of the mixture: MIXLAND+® MBTS 70-75 BA/GA

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Curing chemical

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier MLPC International

209, Avenue Charles Despiau

F-40370 RION-DES-LANDES, FRANCE Telephone: + 33 (0) 5 58 57 02 00 E-mail address: http://www.mlpc-intl.com

fds@mlpc-intl.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+1-703-741-5970 CHEMTREC international emergency phone number (ARKEMA CCN830055)

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008):

Skin sensitisation, 1, H317 Chronic aquatic toxicity, 1, H410 Acute aquatic toxicity, 1, H400

## Additional information:

For the full text of the H, EUH-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

# 2.2. Label elements

## Label elements (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008):

## Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

di(benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide

Hazard pictograms:





Signal word:

## Warning

### Hazard statements:

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH031: Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

## Precautionary statements:

### Prevention:

P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P280 : Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

### Response:

P337 + P313 : If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

## Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents or container to an approved waste disposal plant.

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Additional information:Rubber accelerator

## 2.3. Other hazards: None.

#### Other:

Product:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: According to REACH regulation, annex XIII, this mixture contains no substance meeting PBT and vPvB criteria.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2. Mixtures

## Chemical nature of the mixture1:

Mixture based on: Polymer and

### Hazardous components (accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and its amendment(s)):

Chemical name <sup>1</sup> & REACH Registration Number <sup>2</sup>	EC-No.	CAS-No.	Concentration	Classification REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
Di(benzothiazol-2-yl) disulphide (01-2119489366-24) (N° ANNEX: 613-135-00-0)	204-424-9	120-78-5	70 - 75 %	Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 EUH031  M-Factor Acute = 1 M-Factor Chronic = 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (01-2119487077-29) (N° ANNEX: 649-468-00-3)	265-158-7	64742-55-8	<= 16,5 %	Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Nota L: DMSO <3%
White mineral oil (petroleum) (01-2119487078-27)	232-455-8	8042-47-5	0 - 2 %	WEL substance

<sup>1:</sup> See chapter 14 for Proper Shipping Name

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# 4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures:

## General advice:

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

### Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. Consult a physician.

### Skin contact:

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.

## Eye contact:

Wash well-open eyes immediately, abundantly and thoroughly with water. Consult an ophthalmologist.

### Inaestion:

Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Rinse mouth.

## Protection of first-aiders:

If entering a saturated atmosphere, wear a self contained breathing apparatus.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: No data available.

## 4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary: No data available.

# 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray, Foam, Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media: All other extinguishants

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Thermal decomposition gives:, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Sulphur oxides, Carbon oxides

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>:See the text of the regulation for applicable exceptions or provisions -

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### 5.3. Advice for firefighters:

## Specific methods:

Suppress gases, fumes and/or dust with water spray jet. Remove all sources of ignition.

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Avoid contact with skin and eves and inhalation of dust.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions:

Do not let product enter drains. Do not contaminate surface water.

### 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

#### Recovery:

Shovel or sweep up. Recover the product and place in a dry labelled container.

#### Elimination:

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and national regulations.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections: None.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling:

## Technical measures/Precautions:

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery. Provide showers, eye-baths. In the presence of an ignition source: Dust may form explosive mixture in air.

### Safe handling advice:

In case of dust formation, wear a dust mask. Avoid static electricity build up with connection to earth.

## Hygiene measures:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Wash hands after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store protected from moisture and heat. Protect from light. Keep away from direct sunlight.

## Incompatible products:

Strong acids Oxidizing agents

## Packaging material:

Recommended: Cardboard lined with polyethylene liner, Paper bags lined with polyethylene

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## 7.3. Specific end use(s): None.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters:

Product:

## **Exposure Limit Values**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic

Biolinated (politicality), rryal of dated light paranimo					
Source	Date	Value type	Value	Value	Remarks
			(ppm)	(mg/m3)	
EU OELIII	01 2019	SKIN	-	_	Can be absorbed through the skin.
ACGIH (US)	02 2012		_	-	Exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as
					low as possible.
ACGIH (US)	02 2012		_	_	Included in the regulation but with no data values. See regulation
					for further details.
ACGIH (US)	02 2012	TWA	ı	5	Inhalable fraction.

White mineral oil (petroleum)

- Willie III	merar on (perror	cuiiij			
Source	Date	Value type	Value	Value	Remarks
			(ppm)	(mg/m3)	
EU OELIII	01 2019	SKIN	_	_	Can be absorbed through the skin.
ACGIH (US)	02 2012	TWA	_	5	Inhalable fraction

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL): DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE:

End Use	Inhalation	Ingestion	Skin contact
Workers	8,8 mg/m3 (LT, SE) 70 mg/m3 (SE, ST)		5 mg/kg (SE, LT) 40 mg/kg (SE, ST)
Consumers	2,2 mg/m3 (SE, LT) 17,6 mg/m3 (SE, ST)	1,25 mg/kg (SE, LT) 10 mg/kg (SE, ST)	2,5 mg/kg (SE, LT) 20 mg/kg (SE, ST)

## LE: Local effects, SE: Systemic effects, LT: Long term, ST: Short term

## Predicted No Effect Concentration: DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE:

Compartment:	Value:
Fresh water	0,027 mg/l
Marine water	0,003 mg/l
Water (Intermittent release)	0,003 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	14,27 mg/kg dw
Marine sediment	1,427 mg/kg dw
Sewage treatment plant	3,8 mg/l
Soil	2,83 mg/kg dw

## 8.2. Exposure controls:

General protective measures: Ensure sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work areas

Personal protective equipment:

Respiratory protection: Effective dust mask Hand protection: Impervious gloves

Eye/face protection: Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection: Protective suit

Environmental exposure controls: See chapter 6

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance:

Physical state (20°C): solid

Form: roll, or, pellets
Odour: characteristic
Olfactory threshold: No data available.
pH: Not applicable

**Melting point/range :** 170 - 180 °C Active ingredient (OECD Test Guideline 102)

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Boiling point/boiling range: Decomposes on heating. (A2 Method (D. 92/69/ECC))

Flash point: Not applicable **Evaporation rate:** No data available.

Flammability (solid, gas):

Non flammable product (Flammability (solids)) Flammability: Vapour pressure: < 0,0000001 Pa , at 25 °C Active ingredient

Vapour density: No data available. Density: 1,31 g/cm3 packed

Relative density (Water=1): Active ingredient 1,5 at 19 °C

Water solubility: insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Kow: Active ingredient 4,5

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE:

log Kow: 4,5 (OPPTS 830.7550)

WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM):

log Kow: > 6 (calculated)

Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable

Decomposition temperature: > 240 °C Active ingredient

Viscosity: No data available **Explosive properties:** No data available. No data available. Oxidizing properties:

### 9.2. Other data:

Solubility in other solvents: Chloroform Active ingredient

pKA: None.

Molecular weight: Active ingredient 332,5 g/mol

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# 10.1. Reactivity: No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability:

The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions: No data available.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid:

Store protected from moisture and heat. Protect from light. Keep away from direct sunlight.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials to avoid:

Strong acids and strong bases

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products:

Thermal decomposition:

Decomposition temperature: > 240 °C

Active ingredient

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Sulphur oxides

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

All available and relevant data on this product and/or the components quoted in section 3 and/or the analogue substances/metabolites have been taken into account for the hazard assessment.

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects:

## **Acute toxicity:**

Inhalation: According to its composition, this product should not be harmful in normal conditions of use

Inhalation of vapours due to thermal decomposition:, Risk of irritation of respiratory system, Toxic

effects cannot be excluded

Ingestion: According to its composition, can be considered as Slightly harmful by ingestion

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE:

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• In animals: No mortality/Rat: 7,94 g/kg

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC:

No mortality/Rat: 5 g/kg (Method: OECD Test Guideline 401) In animals :

Dermal: According to its composition, can be considered as Slightly harmful in contact with skin

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE:

No mortality/Rabbit: 7,94 g/kg In animals:

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC:

In animals: No mortality/Rabbit: 5 g/kg (Method: OECD Test Guideline 402)

Local effects ( Corrosion / Irritation / Serious eye damage ):

Skin contact: According to its composition, can be considered as Slightly irritating to skin

Eve contact: According to its composition, can be considered as Slightly irritating to eyes

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Inhalation: No data available

Skin contact: According to its composition: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE

• In animals: Weak sensitizing effects by skin contact. (Method: LLNA: Local Lymph Node Assay, Mouse)

CMR effects:

Mutagenicity: Contains no ingredient listed as a mutagen

Carcinogenicity: Based on the available data, the substance is not suspected of having carcinogenic potential

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE:

• In animals : According to limited available data, Absence of carcinogenic effects (Mouse, Long term, By oral route)

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC:

• In animals : Absence of carcinogenic effects (Method: OECD Test Guideline 451, mice, Chronic, dermal route)

Reproductive toxicity:

Fertility: Based on the available data, the substance is not suspected of having reprotoxic potential.

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE

Through analogy with a comparable product :

BENZOTHIAZOLE-2-THIOL:

Two generations study.: No toxic effects for reproduction In animals :

NOAEL (Parental toxicity): 0,15 - 0,25 g/kg

NOAEL (Fertility): 0,7 - 1,3 g/kg

(Method: OECD Test Guideline 416, Rat, By diet)

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC:

In animals : Reproductive/Developmental Effects Screening Assay: No toxicity to reproduction

NOAEL (Parental toxicity): 1 g/kg

NOAEL (Fertility): 1 g/kg

(Method: OECD Test Guideline 421, Rat, By oral route)

Foetal development: Based on the available data, the substance is not suspected of having developmental toxicity

potential.

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE

· In animals: Exposure during pregnancy: Absence of toxic effects for foetal development

NOAEL ( Developmental Toxicity ): 596 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (Maternal Toxicity): 127 mg/kg bw/day (Rat, By diet)

Through analogy with a comparable product:

BENZOTHIAZOLE-2-THIOL:

• In animals: Exposure during pregnancy: Absence of toxic effects for foetal development.

(Method: OECD Test Guideline 414, By oral route) NOAEL ( Developmental Toxicity ): >= 0,3 g/kg NOAEL (Maternal Toxicity): 0,15 g/kg

(Rabbit)

NOAEL ( Developmental Toxicity ): >= 1,8 g/kg

NOAEL (Maternal Toxicity): 0,3 g/kg

(Rat)

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC:

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• In animals : Absence of toxic effects for foetal development.

NOAEL ( Developmental Toxicity ): 2 g/kg NOAEL (Maternal Toxicity): < 0,125 g/kg

(Method: OECD Test Guideline 414, Rat, dermal route)

Specific target organ toxicity:

Single exposure: No data available.

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure. Repeated exposure:

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE:

Through analogy with a comparable product:

BENZOTHIAZOLE-2-THIOL:

· In animals: By oral route: changes in body weight, NOAEL= < 187 mg/kg (Rat, 3 months)

changes in organ weights, Target organs: Liver

By diet: changes in organ structure or function, Target organs: Kidney, NOAEL= = 14,6 mg/kg (Mouse,

Chronic)

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC:

By inhalation: No effect is reported. In animals :

NOAEL= > 1 mg/l (Rat, 4 Weeks) (Aerosol)

dermal route: No effect is reported.

NOAEL= > 2g/kg bw/d (Method: OECD Test Guideline 411, Rat, 3 months)

By oral route: (Results obtained on a similar product)

Target organs: Reproductive organs, Stomach, Liver, Thymus, NOAEL= < 125 mg/kg (Method: OECD

Test Guideline 408, Rat, 3 months)

**Aspiration hazard:** 

Not applicable

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicology Assessment:** All available and relevant data on this product and/or the components quoted in section 3 and/or the

analogue substances/metabolites have been taken into account for the hazard assessment.

12.1. Acute toxicity:

Fish: Based on the available information, it is not possible to conclude on the hasard potential of

this mixture.

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE

LC50, 96 h (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) (Method: OECD Test Guideline 203) No effect up

to the limit of solubility

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC:

LL50, 96 h (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)) : > 100 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 203)

No effect up to the limit of solubility

WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)

LL50, 96 h (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) (Method: OECD Test Guideline 203) No effect up to

the limit of solubility

Aquatic invertebrates: Based on the available information, it is not possible to conclude on the hasard potential of

this mixture.

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE

EC50, 48 h (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) (Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.2) No

effect up to the limit of solubility

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC:

May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are:

LL50, 48 h (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) : > 10.000 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 202,

Immobilization) No effect up to the limit of solubility

WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)

LL50, 48 h (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) (Method: OECD Test Guideline 202) No effect up to the limit

of solubility

Aquatic plants: Based on the available information, it is not possible to conclude on the hasard potential of

this mixture.

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE

ErC50, 72 h (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)) (Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V,

C.3.) No effect up to the limit of solubility

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC:

May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are:

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ErL50, 72 h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)) : > 100 mg/l (Method: OECD Test

Guideline 201)

WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)

LL50, 72 h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (Method: OECD Test Guideline 201, growth rate inhibition) No effect up to the limit of solubility

Microorganisms:

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE

EC50, 2 h (Activated sludge): 38 mg/l

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC:

May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are:

NOÉC, 4 d (Photobacterium phosphoreum) : > 1,93 mg/l (Method: DIN 38412)

WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)

Lowest observed effect concentration, 93 d (Vibrio fischerii): < 2000 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

## Aquatic toxicity / Long term toxicity:

#### Aquatic invertebrates:

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC:

May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are: NOEC, 21 d (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 211, Growth

inhibition/Reproduction inhibition)

WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)

May be considered as comparable to a similar product for which experimental results are:

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC:

21 d (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l (Method: OECD Test Guideline 211, Growth

inhibition/Reproduction inhibition) No effect up to the limit of solubility

#### Aquatic plants:

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE

NOEC r, 72 h (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)) No effect up to the limit of solubility

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM). HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC

NOEC r, 72 h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100 mg/l (Method: OECD Test

Guideline 201)

WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)

NOEC r, 96 h (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (Method: OECD Test Guideline 201, growth rate

inhibition) No effect up to the limit of solubility

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability:

Biodegradation (In water): All the products and/or components quoted in section 3 and/or analogue

substances/metabolites are not readily biodegradable.

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE

Not readily biodegradable.: 0 % after 28 d (Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C)

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC:

Not readily biodegradable.: 4 % after 28 d (Method: OECD Test Guideline 301 B)

WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)

Not readily biodegradable.: 31 % after 28 d (Method: OECD Test Guideline 301 F)

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:

Bioaccumulation: Based on the available information, it is not possible to conclude on the bioaccumulation

potential of this mixture.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Kow: Active ingredient 4,5

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Kow: 4,5 (Method: OPPTS 830.7550)

WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Kow : > 6 (Method: calculated)

DI(BENZOTHIAZOL-2-YL) DISULPHIDE

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 51 (Method: OECD Test Guideline 305 C, Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

### 12.4. Mobility in soil - Distribution among environmental compartments:

Vapor pressure: < 0,0000001 Pa, 25 °C, Active ingredient,

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Absorption / desorption: log Koc: 3,72 - 3,75 ( Method: calculated )

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment :

According to REACH regulation, annex XIII, this mixture contains no substance meeting PBT and vPvB criteria.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects: None known.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1. Waste treatment:

**Disposal of product:** Destroy the product by incineration (in accordance with local and national regulations).

**Disposal of packaging:** Destroy packaging by incineration at an approved waste disposal site (in accordance with local and

national regulations).

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety data sheets: accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and its amendment(s)

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

#### Listed in:

EU. REACH, Annex XVII, Marketing and Use Restrictions (Regulation 1907/2006/EC): Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by tr

EU. REACH, Annex XVII, Appendix 2, Entry 28 - Carcinogens: Category 1B (Table 3). (Regulation 1907/2006/EC): Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by tr

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment: None.

## **INVENTORIES:**

EINECS: Conforms to TSCA: Conforms to AICS: Conforms to

DSL: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

ENCS (JP): Conforms to KECI (KR): Conforms to ISHL (JP): Conforms to PICCS (PH): Conforms to IECSC (CN): Conforms to

PICCS (PH): The mixture contains a polymer. All the monomers for this polymer & other substances are listed on the inventory,

NZIOC: Consult Arkema.

Consult Arkema.

Conforms to

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full text of H, EUH-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Update:**

Safety	Type:	
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#### Thesaurus:

NOAEL : No Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL) LOAEL : Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level (LOAEL)

bw : Body weight food : oral feed dw : Dry weight

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

This information applies to the PRODUCT AS SUCH and conforming to specifications of ARKEMA. In case of formulations or mixtures, it is necessary to ascertain that a new danger will not appear. The information contained is based on our knowledge of the product, at the date of publishing and it is given quite sincerely. Users are advised of possible additional hazards when the product is used in applications for which it was not intended. This sheet shall only be used and reproduced for prevention and security purposes. The references to legislative, regulatory and codes of practice documents cannot be considered as exhaustive. It is the responsibility of the person receiving the product to refer to the totality of the official documents concerning the use, the possession and the handling of the product. It is also the responsibility of the handlers of the product to pass on to any subsequent persons who will come into contact with the product (usage, storage, cleaning of containers, other processes) the totality of the information contained within this safety data sheet and necessary for safety at work, the protection of health and the protection of environment.

NB: In this document the numerical separator of the thousands is the "." (point), the decimal separator is "," (comma).